

#### WITH THE CONTRIBUTION OF

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# PRESENTS





AN ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION FOR THE TREATMENT OF WASTE WATER AND ORGANIC WASTE FROM DOMESTIC AND/OR FOOD INDUSTRY AND FARM ACTIVITIES.







# WHAT DO WE MEAN BY WASTE WATER AND ORGANIC WASTES?

SOME EXAMPLES:

DOMESTIC ACTIVITIES :

- WASTE WATER FROM FOOD PREPARATION AND FOOD WASTE, LAUNDRY, TOILET AND SUCH LIKE - ORGANIC WASTE FROM FOOD PREPARATION AND FOOD, FROM GARDENING ACTIVITIES, GREEN AREAS AND THE LIKE (I.E. EASILY BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS)

FOOD INDUSTRY AND FARM ACTIVITIES. - PROCESS WASTE WATER WITH BIODEGRADABLE ORGANIC LOAD AND TOILET WASTE WATER

- NATURAL ORGANIC WASTE AND PRODUCTION WASTE THAT ARE EASILY BIODEGRADABLE

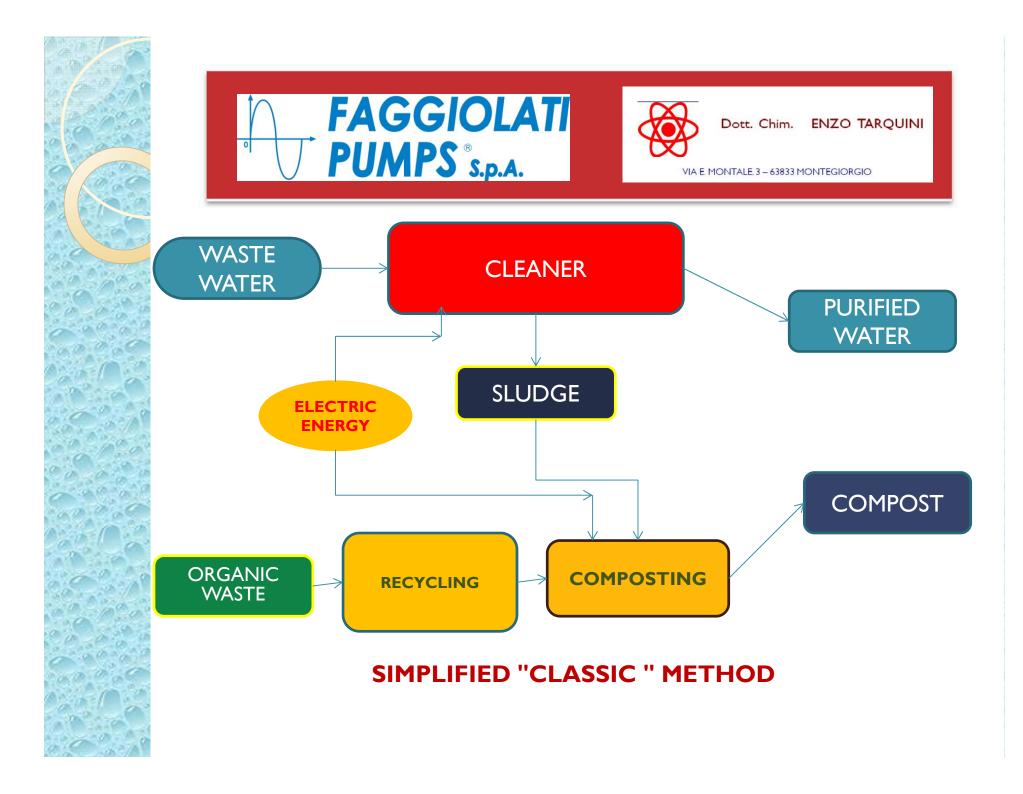




THE BEST KNOWN AND MOST USED METHOD FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL THESE TYPES OF WASTE WILL BE CALLED "CLASSIC" FOR SHORTNESS'. THIS METHOD CONSISTS IN:

- <u>DOMESTIC AND SIMILAR INDUSTRIAL WASTE</u>: BIOLOGICAL SEWAGE TREATMENT BY ACTIVATED SLUDGE (CLEANER) AND DISCHARGE OF PURIFIED WATER INTO SURFACE WATER.

- <u>ORGANIC WASTE</u> : RECYCLING AND TREATMENT IN COMPOSTING PLANTS WITH THE USE OF COMPOST IN ENVIRONMENTAL RECOVERY







TWO LIMITS OF <u>"CLASSIC" METHOD"</u>:

- <u>USE OF HIGH POWER AND HIGH ELECTRICITY</u> <u>CONSUMPTION FOR THE TREATMENT OF ORGANIC</u> (CLEANER) <u>AND COMPOSTING</u>.

- HIGHER COST FOR RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING.



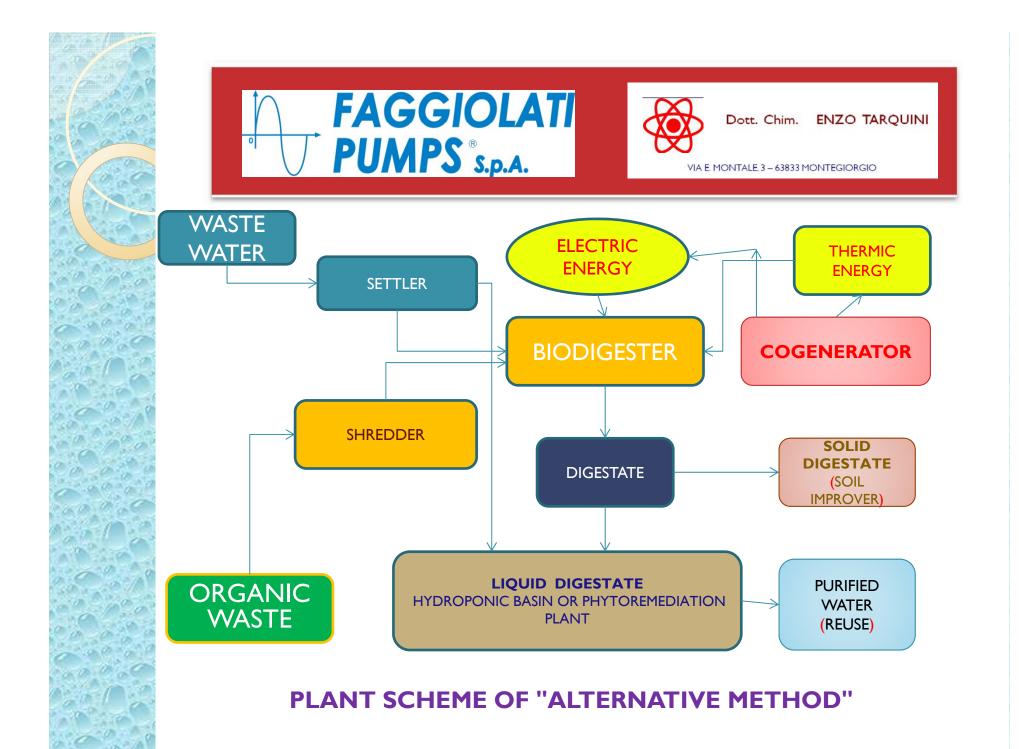


"THE PROPOSAL CONTAINED IN THIS STUDY PROVIDES A DIFFERENT APPROACH FOR THE TREATMENT OF WASTE WATER AND ORGANIC WASTE. FOR SHORTNESS THIS WILL BE CALLED "ALTERNATIVE METHOD"

- BIODIGESTION AND COGENERATION PLANT WITH THE PRODUCTION OF <u>ELECTRICITY AND HEAT</u>

- SOLID DIGESTATE WILL BE USED AS SOIL IMPROVER IN GARDENS, FIELDS AND OASES

- LIQUID DIGESTATE WILL BE USED IN HYDROPONIC GARDENS AND OASES, OR TREATED IN PHYTOREMEDIATION PLANTS WITH NATURAL CIRCULATION





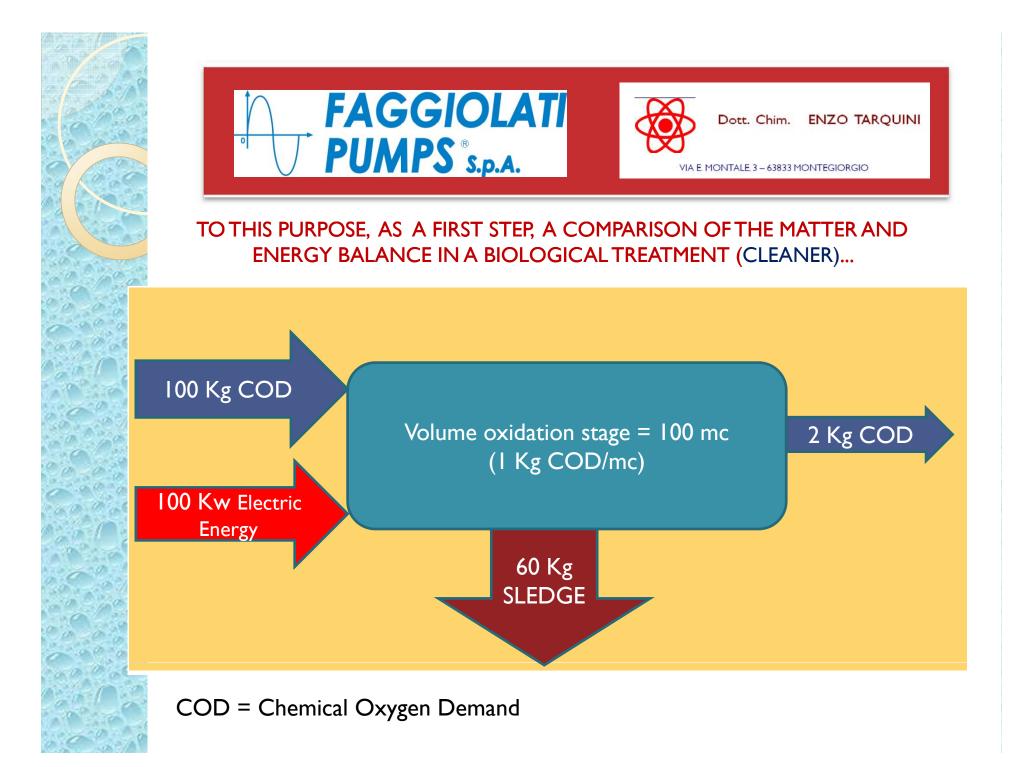


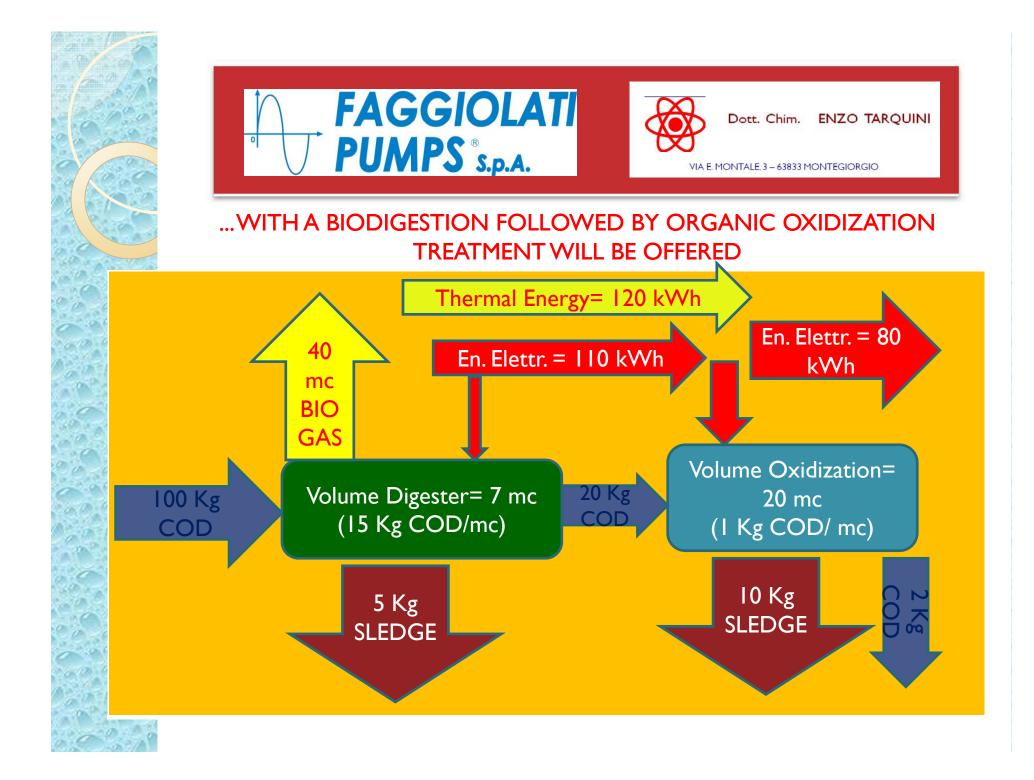
# ALTERNATIVE METHOD: WHAT EXPECTATIONS AND BENEFITS?

BETTER EXPLOITATION OF WATER WASTE AND ORGANIC WASTE:

- PRODUCING ELECTRICITY AND HEAT BY PLANT BIODIGESTION AND CHP
- CUTTING THE COST OF TREATMENT SERVICES

- USING THE SOLID DIGESTATE AS SOIL IMPROVER AND LIQUID DIGESTATE IN HYDROPONIC GARDENS, OASES, FIELDS OR IN PHYTOREMEDIATION PLANTS WITH NATURAL CIRCULATION









NOTICE HOW EQUAL AMOUNTS 'OF COD IN (100 Kg) E OUT (2Kg) ...

PARAMETER	BIOLOGICAL	BIODIGESTION + BIOLOGICAL
ELECTRIC ENERGY	- 100 k₩h	+ 110 k₩h
THERMAL ENERGY		+ 120 kWh
VOLUMES REQUIRED	100 mc	7+20 = 27 mc
PRODUCTION SLUDGE	60 Kg	5+10 = 15 Kg

...THE COMBINED SOLUTION (BIODIGESTION + BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT) COMPARED TO BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT GIVES

- A THERMIC POWER (± 290 kWh) PARTIALLY CONVERTIBLE IN ELECTRICITY (± 110 kWh) AGAINST A CONSUMPTION OF 100 kWh WITH A POSITIVE BALANCE OF ABOUT 200 kWh
- 2. VOLUMES OF EQUIPMENT REDUCED: 27 VS 100 mc;
- 3. VOLUMES OF SLUDGE REDUCED BY 75% : 15 VS 60 Kg







SECOND STEP LET'S MAKE AN EXAMPLE USING BIODIGESTION TREATMENT: FROM A UNIT LOAD OF 210 g/d of ORGANIC SUBSTANCE (S. O. ) and 690 l/d of WASTE WATER WHAT DO WE HAVE TO EXPECT?

#### SOME RELEVANT DATA IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE

PARAMETER	Un.tà Measurement	Quantity	AVERAGE VALUE	
BIOGAS UNITS FOR 'MASS	mc/Kg SS*g	0,300-0,400	0,35	
BIOGAS PER UNIT	mc/A.E.*g	0,285-0,380	0,33	
TOTAL ENERGY(VOL. BIOGAS * P.C.I. BIO)	Kcal/A.E.*g		1.665	
TOTAL ENERGY (VOL. BIOGAS * P.C.I. BIO/860,421)	kWh/A.E.*g		1,935	
ELECTRIC ENERGY (27% di En. Tot.)	kWh/A.E.*g		0,50	
THERMIC ENERGY(66% di En.Tot	kWh/A.E.*g		١,27	
THERMIC ENERGY (66% di En.Tot.)	Kcal/A.E.*g		1.093	







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NOW LET'S EXAMINE THE CASE OF TWO SOLUTION PLANTS FOR A SMALL COMMUNITY '(AE 10), FOLLOWING THE TWO SCHEMES "CLASSIC" and "ALTERNATIVE"

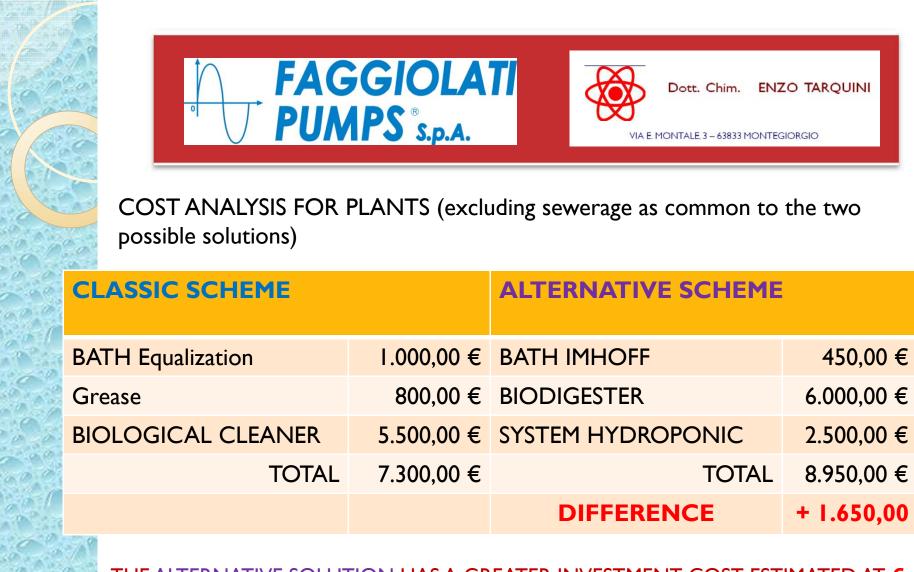
WE ARE AT YOUR DISPOSAL ON REQUEST TO PROPOSE TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY STUDIES RELATED TO INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES: IN THIS CASE SPECIFIC DATA ON THE QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE WASTEWATER AND ORGANIC WASTE CHARACTERISTICS SHOULD BE PROVIDED.



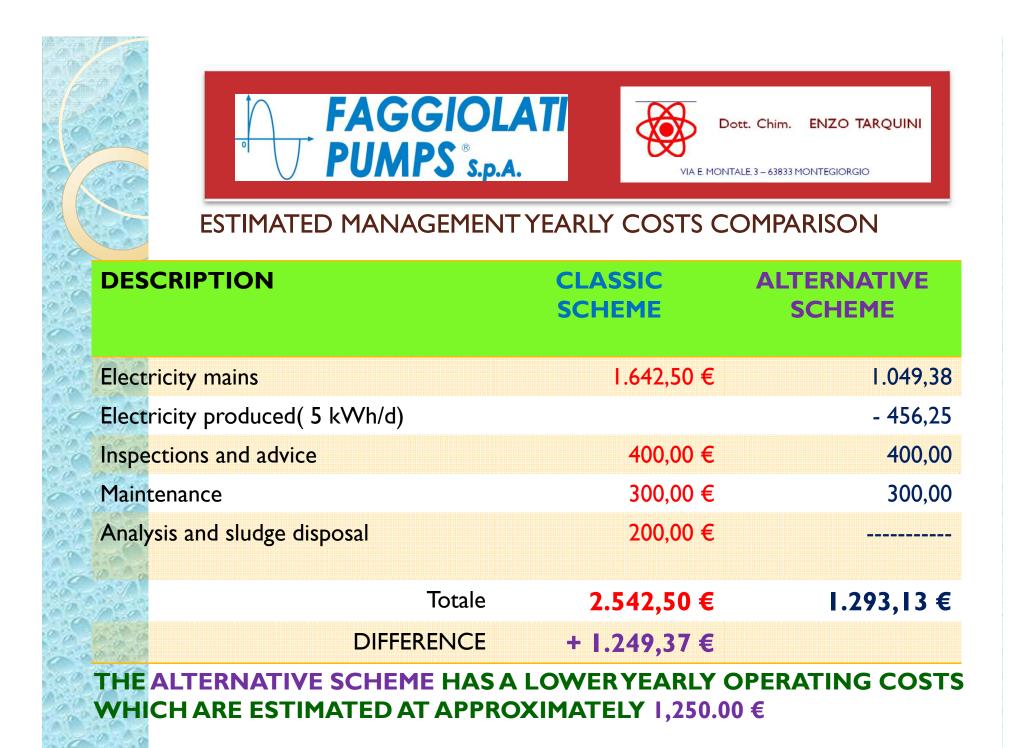


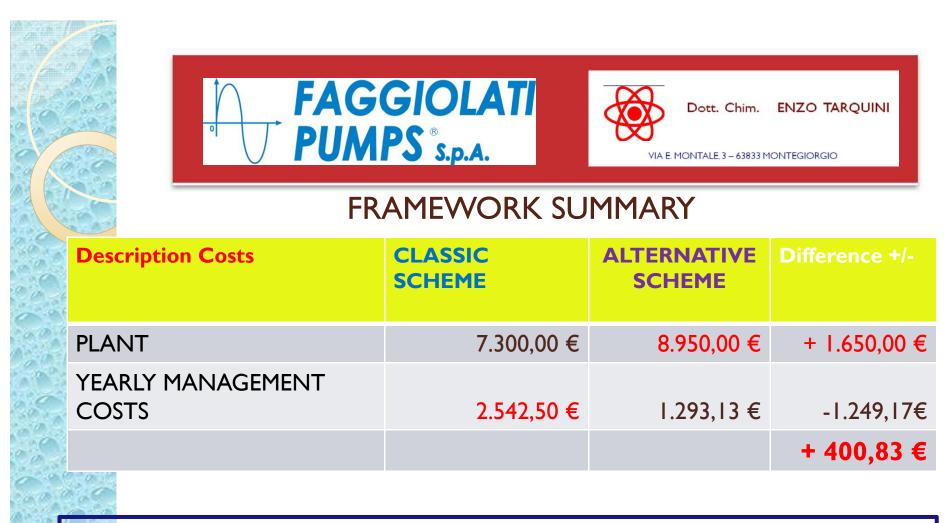
### SOLUTION COMPARISON: POTENTIAL ' 10 C.E. (CAPITA EQUIVALENT)

1.5	0			
	CLASSIC SCHEME		ALTERNATIVE SCHEME	
	BATH Equalization Cap. I.000 It		BATH IMHOFF (reduced) Cap. 1.500 lt	
	Grease Cap. 500 lt		BIODIGESTER (VOL. 9 mc)	
~	BIOLOGICAL CLEANER 10 C.E.		HYDROPONIC SYSTEM (200 mq)	
0	N° 2 PUMPS pot. 0,5 kW * 6 hours/d		N° 2 PUMPS pot. 0,5 kW * 6 hours/d	
110 S	n° 2 blowers pot. 0,75 kw * 8 hours/d		N° I Mixer pot. 0,5 kW * 8 hours/d	
			N° I shredder pot. I.5 kW * I hours/d	
	Estimated Electricity	18,0	11,5	
0 2 2 0	Consumption Daily (kWh/d)		- 6.5 Kwh/d	



THE ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION HAS A GREATER INVESTMENT COST ESTIMATED AT € 1,650.00 WHICH DOES NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE COSTS OF RECYCLING





CONCLUSION: IN A LITTLE MORE THAN A YEAR THE HIGHER PURCHASE PLANT COSTS ARE COMPENSATED BY MANAGEMENT SAVINGS.

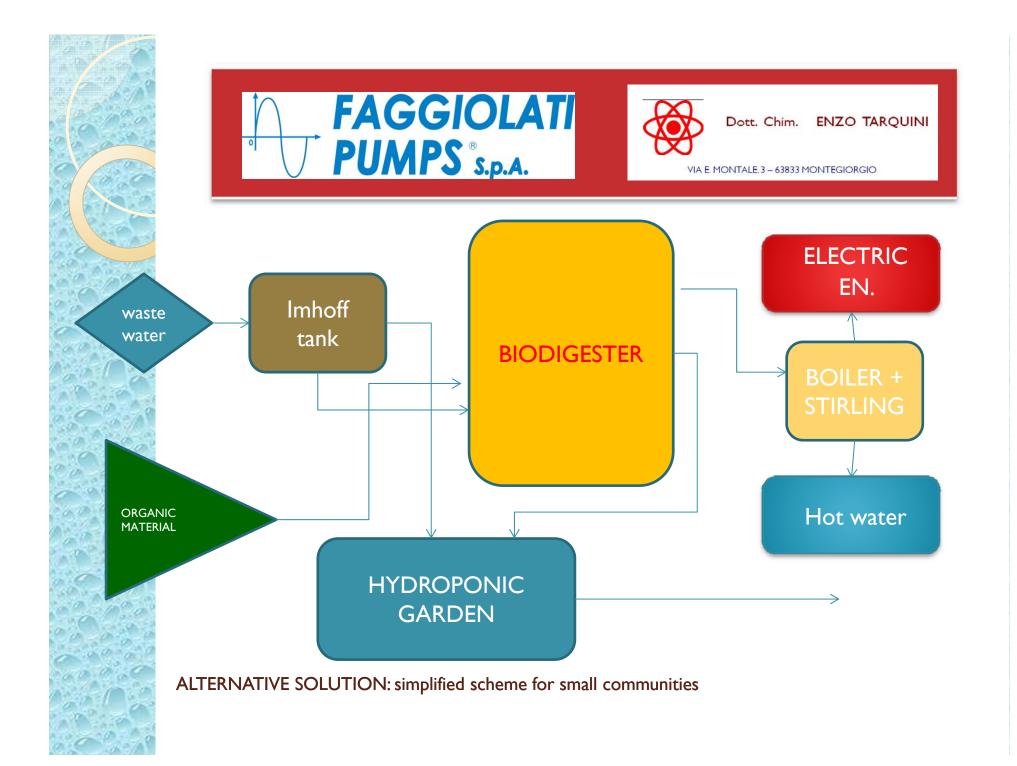
DURING NEXT PERIOD OF PLANT LIFE YOU WILL TAKE ADVANTAGE OF ALL THE BENEFITS THAT ALTERNATIVE SCHEME LEADS.

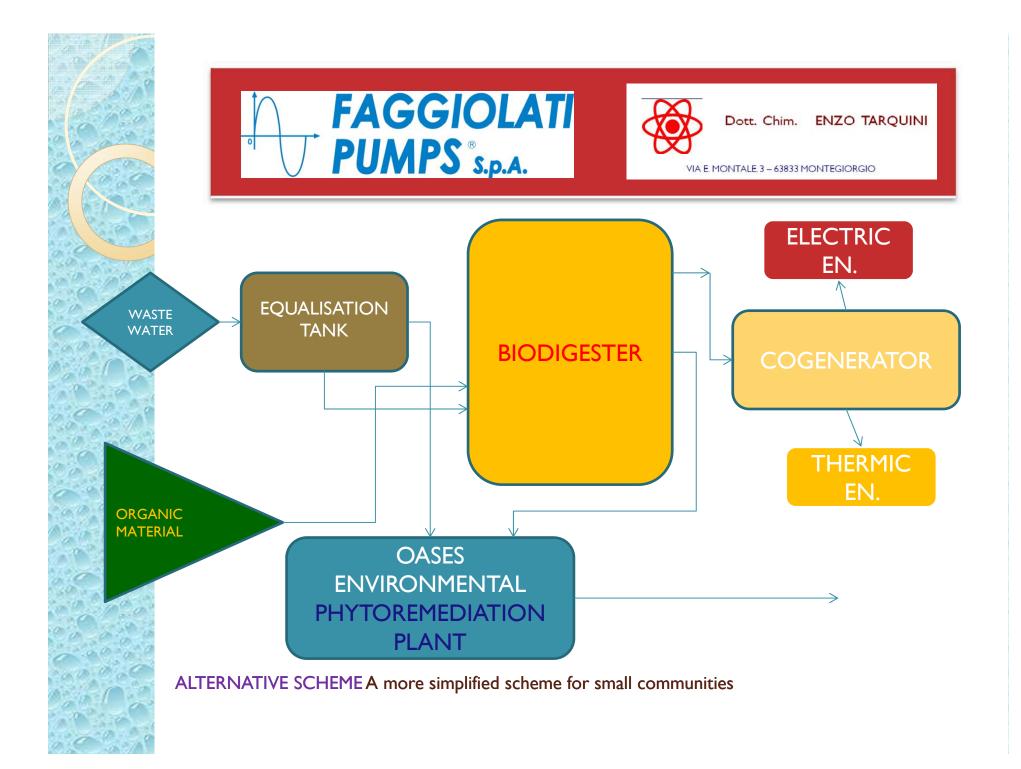




### SUMMARY OF THE ADVANTAGES OF THE ALTERNATIVE SCHEME.

- LOWER MANAGEMENT COSTS AGAINST HIGHER
  INVESTMENT COSTS WHICH ARE COMPENSATED
  IN LESS THAN 2 YEARS
- POSSIBILITY OF EXPLOITING BIOGAS DIRECTLY
  OR TO MAKE ELECTRIC AND THERMIC ENERGY
- ELIMINATION OF THE RECYCLING COSTS
- POSSIBILITY OF USING SOLID AND LIQUID DIGESTATE FOR GREENHOUSES AND / OR HYDROPONIC GARDENS, CROPS BIOLOGICAL AND SIMILAR









## ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION: ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

## THIS SOLUTION IS:

- MOST FIT IN VIEW OF A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 33-35 °C, TYPICAL OF HOT CLIMATES;
- EASIER TO MANAGE;
- MORE ECONOMICALLY AFFORDABLE IN A LIFE COURSE SYSTEM;
- MORE ENVIRONMENTAL PROFITABLE CONSIDERING THE RECYCLING OF DIGESTATES.

